

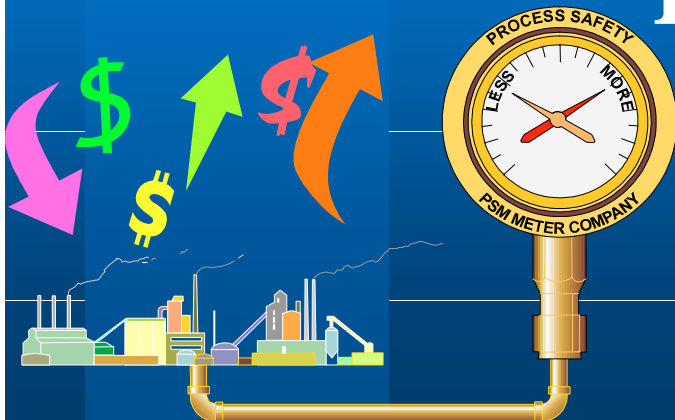
Overview of the CCPS PSM Best Practices Measurement System

A Presentation to
DOE/EFCOG

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CCPS
CENTER FOR
CHEMICAL PROCESS SAFETY

An **AIChE** Industry
Technology Alliance

CCPS



Center for Chemical Process Safety

- Since 1985
- Sponsor-driven arm of AIChE
- More than 80 Sponsors, including DOE
- More than 70 books and publications
- Find the book you need at:

<http://www.aiche.org/ccps/products>

CCPS Mission



To promote continuous improvement in chemical process safety we:

- **Advance state-of-the-art**
 - process safety technology and management practices
- **Serve as a premier resource**
 - for information on process safety
- **Foster process safety in education**
 - chemical and other engineering and science
- **Communicate PS as key industry value**

Presentation Outline...

- Need for PSM Measurement
- What is ProSmart?
- CCPS PSM System
- Using ProSmart
- Development Process
- Measure Structure
- Software Features

You Need a PSM Measurement System



If you:

- **Need to build a PSM program**
- **Wonder if your program is improving... or slipping**
- **Wonder if your program has a weak link**
- **Need to support creation, maintenance, or redeployment of PSM resources**

Performance Measure

“The extent or degree of something...”

- **If measurable variables or indicators" can be defined, the job is easier.**
- **The measurement for the 100 meter dash is easy (One variable).**
- **As the number of variables increase weighting becomes an issue.**

Challenge: handling multiple measures?

- Finding “right” indicators enable others to successfully collect the same data.
- With complex systems you must utilize mathematical formulas to relate the indicators to performance.

CCPS Has the Answer

ProSmart®



What Is ProSmart ?

- A quantitative measure of PSM program
 - quality and
 - thoroughness of implementation
- Not a measure of outcomes,
 - such as the number of incidents
 - or hazardous chemicals released, but a
- "Real time" barometer of the health of a PSM system - not a periodic audit

What Does ProSmart Do?



- **Defines** the data to be collected
- **Provides** the computer interface, and
- **Calculates** a value or index of performance.
- **Delivers** the CCPS 12-Element PSM System
 - and inclusive and flexible enough to be used as "best practices driver" for other PSM systems

CCPS's PSM System



- Accountability, Objectives, and Goals
- Process Knowledge and Documentation
- Capital Project Hazard Review
- Process Risk Management
- Training and Performance
- Human Factors
- Management of Change
- Process Equipment Integrity
- Company Standards, Codes, and Laws
- Incident Investigation
- Audits and Corrective Actions
- Enhancement of Process Safety Knowledge

Use of ProSmart



- Intent statements provide information for each action statement or question
- Users input numerical ratings reflecting facility performance for each action
- Software calculates score relative to CCPS expert-derived ratings
- Users track scores, take actions, and perform “what-if” evaluations

Benefits of ProSmart

- Reduce risk of catastrophic accidents
- Improve cost-effectiveness of PSM activities
- Benchmark against PSM performance expectations
- Establish priorities for PSM improvement efforts

Development Process

- Early R&D lessons learned on MOC/Training
- Development of a robust set of essential features of a management system
- Identification of generic, cross-cutting aspects
- Creation of measure/element structure
 - Written program indicators
 - Program implementation indicators
 - Product evaluation indicators/worksheets

CCPS PSM Performance Measure Structure



Evaluates:

- Written program
- Program implementation
- Product evaluations

All essential features of a management
system

Written Program Indicators

- Measure effectiveness of PSM written program.
- Generic - do not change from element to element

Program Implementation Indicators

- Measure effectiveness and completeness of program implementation
- Somewhat flexible to provide for differences in implementation from element to element

Product Evaluation Indicators

- Element-specific indicators
- Measure quality of products produced by a particular PSM element

Essential Features



CCPS identified essential management system features:

- Planning
- Organizing
- Implementing
- Controlling

- # Planning Features

- A.1 Explicit objectives and goals
- A.2 Well-defined scope
- A.3 Clear-cut desired outputs
- A.4 Consideration of alternative achievement mechanisms
- A.5 Well-defined inputs and resource requirements
- A.6 Identification of needed tools and training

- # Organizing Features

- B.1 Strong sponsorship
- B.2 Clear lines of authority
- B.3 Explicit assignment of roles/
responsibilities
- B.4 Formal procedures
- B.5 Internal coordination and communication
- B.6 External coordination and communication

- # Implementing Features

- C.1 Detailed work plans
- C.2 Specific milestones for accomplishments
- C.3 Initiating mechanisms

- # Controlling Features

- **D.1 Performance standards and measurement methods**
- **D.2 Variances**
- **D.3 Procedure renewal and reauthorization**
- **D.4 Reevaluation of goals and objectives**
- **D.5 Corrective action mechanisms**

The screenshot displays the ProSmart software interface, which is used for Process Safety Management (PSM). The interface includes a menu bar, a standard toolbar, and a ratings toolbar. The main window shows a list of PSM elements, each with a rating and a date. The interface is divided into two panes: a left pane for the outline and a right pane for the details of the selected element.

Callouts:

- Standard Toolbar:** Located at the top left, containing icons for file operations, editing, and navigation.
- Ratings Toolbar:** Located at the top right, containing icons for rating and analysis.
- Element Toolbar:** Located at the bottom left, containing icons for element management.
- Grid:** The main data table displaying the list of PSM elements.
- Column Headings:** The headers for the columns in the grid, including Outline, Rating, Comment, Date, Update Interval (Days), and Days to Update.
- Splitter:** The vertical line separating the left pane from the right pane.
- Guidance Window:** A window on the right side of the interface providing additional information and guidance.
- Path Toolbar:** Located at the bottom right, containing icons for navigation and path management.

Outline	Rating	Comment	Date	Update Interval (Days)	Days to Update
5. Management of Change (MOC)	76				
6. Process Hazard Analysis (PHA)	76				
7. Hazard Identification (HI)	66				
8. Training and Performance (T&P)	74				
9. Incident Investigation (II)	82				
10. Standards, Codes, and Regulations (SCR)	82				
11. Audits and Corrective Actions (ACA)	80				
12. Enhancement of Process Safety Knowledge (EPSK)	78				

Guidance Window:

Incident Investigation (II)

Design Intention

Incident Investigation is a system for scheduling staffing and documenting investigations of

Process Safety Management (PSM)\9. Incident Investigation (II)

ProSmart - [Process Safety Management (PSM) - Mayberry Resins Plant]

File Element Tools Window Help

Auto Calculate

PSM Rating: 77 CCPS Element Rating

Sensitivity...

Outline

Process Safety Management (PSM)

	Rating	Comment	Date	Update Interval (Days)	Days to Update
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1. Accountability (Acc)	77				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2. Process Knowledge and Documentation (PKD)	82				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3. Capital Project Hazard Review (CPHR)	79				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 4. Process Risk Management (PRM)	83				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5. Management of Change (MOC)	78				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6. Process and Equipment Integrity (PEI)	76				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 7. Human Factors (HF)	76				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 8. Training and Performance (T&P)	66				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 9. Incident Investigation (II)	74				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10. Standards, Codes, and Regulations (SCR)	82				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 11. Audits and Corrective Actions (ACA)	80				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 12. Enhancement of Process Safety Knowledge (EPSK)	78				


Guidance

Process Safety Management (PSM)

This PSM performance measure is based on the structure developed by CCPS (Reference 1); it consists of the following twelve CCPS Elements:

1. Accountability (Acc)
2. Process Knowledge and Documentation (PKD)
3. Capital Project Hazard Review (CPHR)
4. Process Risk Management (PRM)

Process Safety Management (PSM)



File

Element

Tools

Window

Help

PSM Rating: 77

9, II Rating: 82

Process Safety Management (PSM) - Mayberry Resins Plant

Outline	Rating	Comment	Date	Update Interval (Days)	Days to Update
9. Incident Investigation (II)	82				
Written Program Indicators (II)	76				
Implementation (II)	82				
Program Implementation Indicators (II)	76				
Product Evaluation - The Investigations and Associated Documentation for an Incident or Near Miss (II)	86		3/2/2001 9:31 AM	30	0
1/14/99 Incident	45		8/25/2000 8:47 AM		
7/13/2000 Near Miss	49		9/25/2000 9:31 AM		
8/16/2000 Near Miss	50		10/24/2000		

Guidance

Parent Section

Product Evaluation - The Investigations and Associated Documentation for an Incident or Near Miss (II)

The product evaluation should address the following questions.

- Did the program products meet the quality standards?
- Were work activities sufficiently thorough?
- Were the specified work products produced?
- Do program activities document consideration of alternate methods and selection of the best to achieve the objectives?
- Were adequate resources (people, funding, time) made available at all times and used to accomplish the program objectives?
- Were the specified inputs available for program work?
- Were the specified tools available and used?

BETA TEST PARTICIPANTS



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- CELANESE --- Clear Lake, TX
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- 3M --- Cordova, IL
- PFIZER --- Groton, CT

Lord Kelvin



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Technology Alliance

*“When you can measure what you
are speaking about and express it
in numbers, you know something
about it; but when you cannot
measure it, when you cannot
express it in numbers, your
knowledge is of a meager and
unsatisfactory kind.”*